

## Anti-CFTR antibody

|                 |                                                         |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Cat. No.</b> | ml260166                                                |
| <b>Package</b>  | 25 µl/100 µl/200 µl                                     |
| <b>Storage</b>  | -20°C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN <sub>3</sub> , 40% Glycerol |

### Product overview

|                     |                                      |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>  | Anti-CFTR rabbit polyclonal antibody |
| <b>Applications</b> | ELISA, IHC                           |
| <b>Immunogen</b>    | Synthetic peptide of human CFTR      |
| <b>Reactivity</b>   | Human                                |
| <b>Content</b>      | 0.3 mg/ml                            |
| <b>Host species</b> | Rabbit                               |
| <b>Ig class</b>     | Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG        |
| <b>Purification</b> | Antigen affinity purification        |

### Target information

|                  |                                                       |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Symbol</b>    | CFTR                                                  |
| <b>Full name</b> | Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>  | CF, MRP7, ABC35, ABCC7, CFTR/MRP, TNR-CFTR, dJ760C5.1 |
| <b>Swissprot</b> | P13569                                                |

### Target Background

This gene encodes a member of the ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporter superfamily. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MRP subfamily that is involved in multi-drug resistance. The encoded protein functions as a chloride channel and controls the regulation of other transport pathways. Mutations in this gene are associated with the autosomal recessive disorders cystic fibrosis and congenital bilateral aplasia of the vas deferens. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described, many of which result from mutations in this gene.

订购热线: 4008-898-798

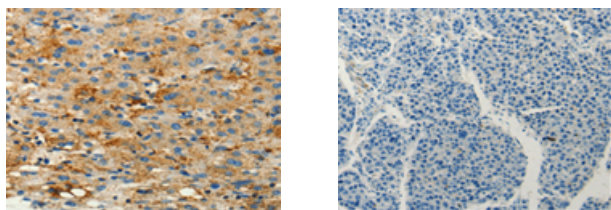
## Applications

### Immunohistochemistry

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm, Cell membrane

Positive control: Human liver cancer

Recommended dilution: 10-50



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using ml260166(CFTR Antibody) at dilution 1/10, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )

### ELISA

Recommended dilution: 500-5000

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