

Anti-PRKAR2A antibody

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|-----------------|---|
| Cat. No. | ml122880 |
| Package | 25 µl/100 µl/200 µl |
| Storage | -20°C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN ₃ , 40% Glycerol |

Product overview

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description | Anti-PRKAR2A rabbit polyclonal antibody |
| Applications | ELISA, WB, IHC |
| Immunogen | Fusion protein of human PRKAR2A |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Content | 0.8 mg/ml |
| Host species | Rabbit |
| Ig class | Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG |
| Purification | Antigen affinity purification |

Target information

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Symbol | PRKAR2A |
| Full name | protein kinase, cAMP-dependent, regulatory subunit type II alpha |
| Synonyms | PKR2; PRKAR2 |
| Swissprot | P13861 |

Target Background

cAMP is a signaling molecule important for a variety of cellular functions. cAMP exerts its effects by activating the cAMP-dependent protein kinase, which transduces the signal through phosphorylation of different target proteins. The inactive kinase holoenzyme is a tetramer composed of two regulatory and two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the regulatory subunits. This subunit can be phosphorylated by the activated catalytic subunit. It may interact with various A-kinase anchoring proteins and determine the subcellular localization of cAMP-dependent protein kinase. This subunit has been shown to regulate protein transport from endosomes to the Golgi apparatus and further to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER).

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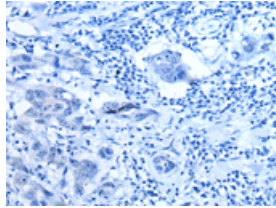
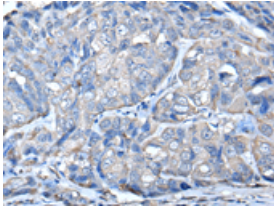
Applications

Immunohistochemistry

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm and Cell membrane

Positive control: Human breast cancer

Recommended dilution: 35-200

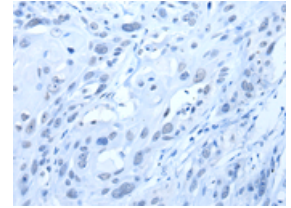
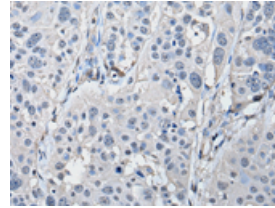


The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using ml122880(PRKAR2A Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm and Cell membrane

Positive control: Human esophagus cancer

Recommended dilution: 35-200



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using ml122880(PRKAR2A Antibody) at dilution 1/50, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification: ×200)

Western blotting

Predicted band size: 46 kDa

Positive control: HEPG2 cell and Human testis tissue lysates

Recommended dilution: 500-2000

Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE

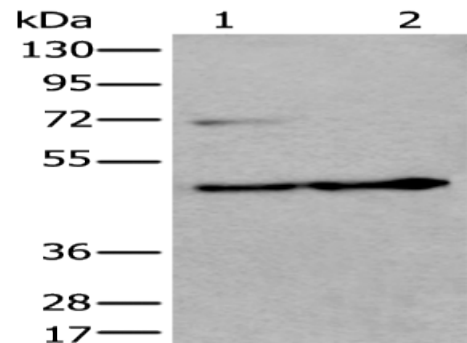
Lysate: 40 µg

Lane 1-2: HEPG2 cell and Human testis tissue lysates

Primary antibody: ml122880(PRKAR2A Antibody) at dilution 1/550

Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution

Exposure time: 30 seconds



ELISA

Recommended dilution: 5000-10000

联系电话: 4008-898-798, 021-61725725

联系QQ: 2881505695, 2881505696

邮箱: mlbio_cn@yeah.net

网址: www.mlbio.cn